

## In Vivo Star Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody

<b>Catalog Number:</b>	508101, 508102, 508103
<b>Size:</b>	1 mg, 5 mg, 25 mg
<b>Target Name:</b>	CD8, CD8 alpha, T8, Lyt2, Ly-2
<b>Regulatory Status:</b>	RUO

### PRODUCT DETAILS

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<b>Clone:</b>	2.43-m2a
<b>Application:</b>	ELISA, WB, Flow cytometry, IHC, ICC, animal model study
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Mouse
<b>Format:</b>	Liquid
<b>Product Description:</b>	In Vivo Grade Recombinant Anti-Mouse CD8a Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG2a Kappa
<b>Antibody Type:</b>	Recombinant
<b>Purity:</b>	>95% by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin:</b>	< 1 EU per 1 mg of the protein by the LAL method.
<b>Storage Conditions:</b>	4°C
<b>Grade:</b>	In vivo
<b>Recommended Usage:</b>	This product is suitable for in vivo animal use. Optimal amounts need to be determined empirically for each experiment.
<b>Hidden Synonyms:</b>	InVivoMab, InVivoPlus, GoInVivo, In Vivo Gold

### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

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CD8 is a cell surface glycoprotein that plays a critical role in cellular immunity. It is most commonly expressed on cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells), although lower levels can also be found on subsets of natural killer (NK) cells and dendritic cells.

Structurally, CD8 exists either as a homodimer of two CD8 $\alpha$  chains (CD8 $\alpha\alpha$ ) or, more commonly on T cells, as a heterodimer composed of CD8 $\alpha$  and CD8 $\beta$  chains (CD8 $\alpha\beta$ ). Each chain contains an extracellular immunoglobulin-like domain, a transmembrane region, and a short cytoplasmic tail that associates with intracellular signaling molecules. Functionally, CD8 acts as a co-receptor for the T cell receptor (TCR) during antigen recognition. Its primary ligand is major histocompatibility complex class I (MHC I), which is expressed on nearly all nucleated cells. During immune surveillance, the TCR recognizes peptide antigens presented by MHC I, while CD8 binds to a conserved region of the MHC I molecule. This interaction stabilizes the TCR-peptide-MHC complex and brings the Src-family kinase Lck into proximity with the TCR signaling machinery, thereby enhancing signal transduction and lowering the threshold for T cell activation. Once activated, CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells differentiate into cytotoxic effector cells capable of directly killing infected or malignant cells. They mediate target cell death primarily through the release of perforin and granzymes, which induce apoptosis, as well as through engagement of death receptor pathways such as Fas-Fas ligand interactions. CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells also secrete

cytokines, including interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ) and tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF- $\alpha$ ), which further shape immune responses and inhibit pathogen replication.

CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells are essential for protection against viral infections and for immune surveillance against cancer. However, their dysregulation contributes to disease. Insufficient CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell responses can result in chronic viral infections or tumor immune evasion, while excessive or misdirected activity can cause tissue damage and contribute to autoimmune diseases, such as type 1 diabetes and multiple sclerosis. In chronic infections and cancer, persistent antigen exposure can drive CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell exhaustion, characterized by reduced effector function and sustained expression of inhibitory receptors.

In therapeutics, CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells are central to modern immunotherapy. Cancer treatments such as immune checkpoint inhibitors aim to reinvigorate exhausted CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, while adoptive cell therapies, including CAR-T and TCR-engineered T cells, harness or enhance CD8<sup>+</sup> cytotoxic activity. CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell responses are also a key goal of antiviral vaccines, underscoring their importance in both disease control and therapeutic intervention.

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