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# APC Anti-human CD147 Antibody

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| **Catalog Number:** | 121007, 121008 |
| **Size:** | 25 tests, 100 tests |
| **Target Name:** | CD147, Neurothelin, Basigin, EMMPRIN |
| **Regulatory Status:** | RUO |

## PRODUCT DETAILS

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| **Clone:** | 147AB |
| **Application:** | Flow Cytometry |
| **Reactivity:** | Human |
| **Format:** | APC |
| **Isotype:** | Rabbit IgG |
| **Antibody Type:** | Monoclonal |
| **Formulation:** | Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) BSA |
| **Protein Concentration:** | Supplied at a lot-specific concentration. |
| **Storage&Handling:** | The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. |
| **Recommended Usage:** | For flow cytometric staining, it is recommended to use 5 µL of this reagent per 0.5-1.0 million cells in a 100 µL volume. Optimal reagent performance should be determined by titration for each specific application. APC has an excitation max at 650 nm and an emission max at 660 nm. |
| **Excitation Laser:** | Red Laser (633 nm) |
| **Isotype Controls:** | 303311 |
| **Antibody Family:** | Human Antibodies |
| **Storage & Handling:** | The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. |
| **Isotype Control:** | 303311 |

## BACKGROUND INFORMATION

CD147, also known as Basigin (BSG), EMMPRIN, or M6, is a widely expressed cell-surface glycoprotein that participates in cell adhesion, migration, metabolism, and tissue remodeling. It is particularly abundant on activated immune cells, epithelial cells, endothelial cells, and tumor cells. CD147 is well known for stimulating surrounding stromal cells to produce matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), thereby promoting extracellular matrix remodeling. It also contributes to glucose metabolism by interacting with monocarboxylate transporters such as MCT1 and MCT4, facilitating lactate transport across the plasma membrane.

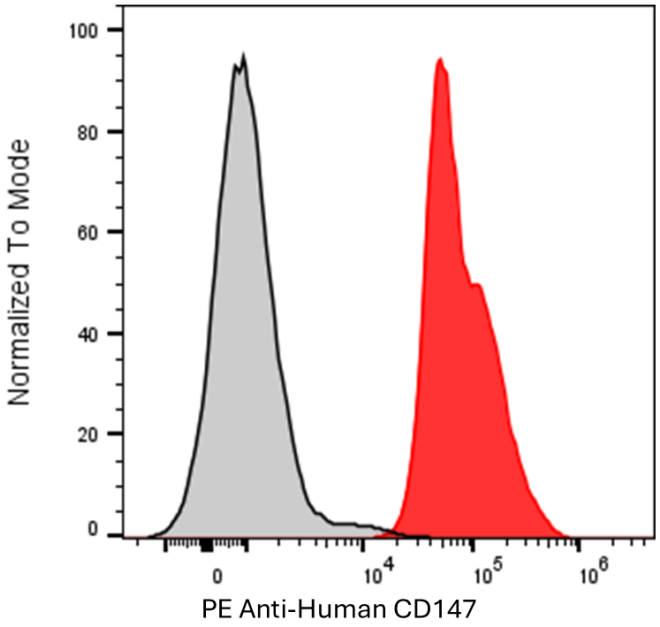
CD147 is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. It contains two extracellular

immunoglobulin-like domains, a single transmembrane region, and a short cytoplasmic tail. The extracellular domains mediate many of its protein-protein interactions. CD147 can form homomers and interact with several membrane proteins, including cyclophilins, integrins, and monocarboxylate transporters. Extracellular cyclophilin A and cyclophilin B can bind CD147 and contribute to inflammatory signaling, although CD147 has a diverse set of context-dependent binding partners rather than a single classical ligand.

CD147 has been implicated in numerous pathological processes, particularly cancer, inflammation, cardiovascular disease, and infectious diseases. In cancer, increased CD147 expression is associated with tumor invasion, angiogenesis, metastasis, and altered tumor metabolism. Its ability to promote MMP production and support lactate transport can contribute to tumor progression. CD147 also participates in inflammatory signaling and has been investigated in several infectious disease settings because of its interactions with host and pathogen-associated factors.

Because CD147 contributes to tumor invasion, metabolism, inflammation, and cell-cell interactions, it represents a potential therapeutic target. Antibodies and other inhibitors directed against CD147 or its interactions with MCTs and cyclophilins are being investigated for cancer and inflammatory diseases. Targeting CD147 may simultaneously affect extracellular matrix remodeling and tumor metabolic adaptation, making the molecule particularly attractive for combination therapeutic strategies. However, because CD147 is broadly expressed and performs important physiological functions, therapeutic approaches require careful consideration of potential effects on normal tissues.

## PRODUCT DATA




Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells were stained with PE Anti-Human CD147 clone 2D3A9 (color-filled histogram) or an isotype control (gray histogram).

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